

Atlas Quality Management

Scope: National Doc: Information Notice

Stainless Steel F18MS, 444 Grade Data Sheet

Grade F18MS, 444

F18MS is a stabilised chromium-molybdenum ferritic stainless steel, combining very good corrosion resistance with good formability and weldability. Its excellent corrosion resistance enables it to replace grade 316 in many applications; domestic hot water cylinders are its largest field of application. Like all ferritic steels it is readily attracted to a magnet.

F18MS is most commonly available in sheet or coil up to about 2mm thick.

Corrosion Resistance

F18MS has good resistance in a wide variety of corrosive media. It attains its maximum corrosion resistance when in the highly polished or buffed condition.

The resistance of grade F18MS to pitting and crevice corrosion in chloride environments is similar or superior to that of grade 316. Its PRE value of about 25 is at least as high as that of 316. Chloride stress corrosion cracking (SCC) resistance of F18MS is very high, as it is for all ferritic grades.

The resistance of F18MS to acids is generally lower than that of 316, but performance varies for different acids, and these should be considered on a case by case basis.

Heat Resistance

F18MS resists oxidation in intermittent service up to 920°C and to 870°C in continuous service but it may become brittle at room temperature after prolonged heating in the 400 – 500°C range. This effect can be corrected by subsequent annealing.

Heat Treatment

Annealing

Heat to approximately 925°C, hold for only a few minutes and then water quench or quickly air cool. Slow cooling from 500-400°C will cause embrittlement.

F18MS is not hardenable by thermal treatment.

Welding

Welding of F18MS can be readily carried out by all the common electric processes. As F18MS has very low carbon and nitrogen contents and is stabilised by additions of titanium and / or niobium it has good resistance to sensitisation and hence intergranular corrosion. Like most ferritic grades it is subject to significant grain growth in the heat affected zones of welds. Heat input should therefore be kept to a minimum, and welding of thicknesses over 2mm become more difficult.

Gas shielding of the arc, weld metal and back side of the weld is important to minimise air contact. Use Grade 316L (or 316LSi) filler rod, depending upon application. AS 1554.6 pre-qualifies welding (listed as Grade 444) with Grade 316L filler rods and electrodes.

Machining

F18MS is easier to machine than the standard austenitic grades such as 316, but the grade is not commonly available as a bar.

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Fabrication

F18MS has a higher yield strength, higher tensile strength and lower work hardening rate compared to 316. Some operations will therefore be easier, and some will require a little more force. The lower ductility of F18MS restricts some very severe operations. It has quite good deep drawing capability; close to that of 316, but it has limited ability to stretch form. As these two processes are often combined in a single forming operation some changes to settings or tooling compared to the austenitic grades may be needed.

If very severe cold working is required, it may be necessary to carry out an intermediate anneal.

Typical Applications

Hot water cylinders, heat exchanger tubing, chemical process equipment, architectural panels.

Specified Properties

The composition and mechanical properties are specified for flat rolled product (plate, sheet and coil) in ASTM A240/A240M, for grade 444 (UNS S44400). F18MS is fully compliant with this specification. Similar but not necessarily identical properties are specified for other products in their respective specifications.

Composition Specification (%)

Grade		С	Mn	Si	Р	S	Cr	Мо	Ni	N	Ti+Nb
F18MS	min.	-	-	-	-	-	17.5	1.75	-	-	0.20+4(C+N)
	max.	0.025	1.00	1.00	0.040	0.030	19.5	2.50	1.00	0.035	0.80

Mechanical Properties

Grade		Yield Strength				Cold Bend			
	Strength (MPa) min.	0.2% Proof (MPa) min.	(% in 50mm) min.	Rockwell B (HR B) max.	Brinell (HB) max.	Traverse direction Bend radius = 1T			
F18MS	415	275	20	96	217	180°			

Physical Properties (Typical values in the annealed condition)

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Grade	Density			efficient of	Thermal	Specific	Electrical
	(kg/m³)	Modules	Thermal E	Expansion	Conductivity	Heat	Resistivity
		(GPa)	0-100°C	0-400°C	at 100°C	0-100°C	(nΩ.m)
			(µm/m/°C)	(µm/m/°C)	(W/m.K)	(J/kg.K)	
F18MS	7700	200	11.0	11.5	26.8	427	620





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Grade Specification Comparison

Grade	UNS	Euro	onorm	Swedish	Japanese JIS
	No	No	Name	SS	
F18MS	S44400	1.4521	X2CrMoTi18-2	2326	SUS 444

These comparisons are approximate only. The list is intended as a comparison of functionally similar materials **not** as a schedule of contractual equivalents. If exact equivalents are needed original specifications must be consulted.

Possible Alternative Grades

Grade	Why it might be chosen instead of F18MS, 444
316	Need the increased weldability, especially in heavy sections, or better stretch formability of 316. 316 is also available in sections above the 2 to 3mm upper limit for F18MS, and a wider range of products generally.
2304	2304 has better weldability in heavy sections, and higher strength that may alloy downgauging.
F20S	F20S could be used if the corrosion resistance of F18MS was not needed. Another low cost ferritic steel.

Limitation of Liability

The information contained in this Atlas Steels Stainless Steel F18MS, 444 Grade Data Sheet document is not an exhaustive statement of all relevant information. It is a general guide for customers to the products and services available from Atlas Steels and no representation is made or warranty given in relation to this information or the products or processes it describes.